

Advancing Kidney health Initiative

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OBJECTIVE 1. Increase the utilization of available organs from deceased donors by increasing organ recovery and reducing the organ discard rate

OBJECTIVE 2. Increase the number of living donors by removing disincentives to donation and ensuring appropriate financial support

FIGURE 11

Gap between Supply and Demand for Kidney Transplantation

Individuals on Waiting List to Receive
a Kidney as of June 18, 2019

94,754

**KEY STRATEGIES TO INCREASE
ACCESS TO KIDNEY TRANSPLANTS**

Change the standards
used to evaluate Organ
Procurement Organizations

—
Update the PHS Guideline
for Reducing HIV, HBV, and
HCV Transmission Through
Organ Transplantation

—
Expand the Reimbursement of Travel
and Subsistence Expenses toward
Living Organ Donation program

Deceased Donor Kidney Transplants in 2018

14,556

ESRD Treatment Choices (ETC) Model - Mandatory

- 1/1/2020 – 6/30/2026 • Participants: ~ 50% dialysis facilities (QIP) and “Managing Clinicians” (MIPS) across the US using “randomly selected” Hospital Referral Regions
- Exclusion of facilities census 11/132 months/ Providers with - low volumes of ESRD
- Risk adjustment - Uses the methodology of the Percentage of Prevalent Patients Waitlisted (PPPW) from the ESRD Quality Incentive Program (QIP) except over 75 years old, in skilled nursing facility, or on hospice
- Kidney dialysis education extended to CKD5 and ESRD
- Payment:
 - Home Dialysis Payment Adjustment (HDP) 1st adjustment (+) on “certain” home dialysis claims decreasing 1/1/20-12/31/22
 - Adjustment first year 3% increase 2% 2nd year 1% 3rd/last year
 - Performance Payment Adjustment (PPA) 2nd adjustment (+/-) to PPS rate & MCP based on home dialysis utilization rate & transplant rate (kidney & KP) increasing over time (1/1/21-6/30/26)

07/10/19 Executive Order: Advancing American Kidney Health • President Trump, Secretary Azar, Administrator Verma, Director Boehler

- Reduce the development of ESRD by 25% by 2030
- 80% of incident ESRD patients receive home dialysis or a preemptive kidney transplant by 2025
- Standardize organ procurement procedures to double the number of kidneys available for transplant by 2030
- Removing financial barriers for living kidney donors
- Encourage the development of the artificial kidney
- Restructuring payment models to incentivize kidney disease prevention, home dialysis and transplantation